

Adjective-ed/ing(b-1 Answers)

Adjective-ed is always used with people or animals
Adjective-ing is generally used with things or situations

Please choose the correct adjective form for the sentences below:

ex.1) John was very **embarrassed** when he saw his zipper was down. (embarrass)

ex.2) Watching the monkeys play at the zoo was **amusing**. (amuse)

1. Ted is very **excited** to go to Disneyland. (excite)
2. Disneyland is very **exciting** for kids and adults. (excite)
3. It is really **tiring** teaching kids. (tire)
4. Jennifer was really **tired** after playing with the kids. (tire)
5. I was so **bored** during the movie that I fell asleep.
(bore – not be interesting)
6. It was really **embarrassing** when I fell down on the train.
(embarrass)
7. Trying to read Korean letters is **confusing**. (confuse)
8. We were **amazed** by the magician's performance. (amaze)
9. The news of the murder was so **shocking**. (shock)
10. I went to the opera. It was so **boring**! (bore)
11. Mom was **worried** when I didn't come home on time. (worry)
12. I was so **confused** trying to read the Tokyo subway map!
(confuse)
13. Everyone was **surprised** when our team lost our first game.
(surprise)
14. Bill was **shocked** when he didn't pass his math test. (shock)
15. Jogging in the hot sun today was so **exhausting**.
(exhaust – be super tiring)
16. Watching the men fight the forest fire was **amazing**!
(amaze)
17. We were all **depressed** after our team lost the
championship game. (depress – super sad)
18. The teacher's talk about aliens was **interesting**. (interest)
19. This super hot weather is very **depressing**. (depress)
20. The dog was very **excited** to see its owner. (excite)